

Royal Primer;

An Easy and Pleasant Guide

ART of READING.

Adorn'd with Curs.

BRENTFORD,

Printed by P. NORBURY, nearly op-

(Price THREE-PENCE.)

The Alphabet, or Twenty-fix Letters in what is call'd Roman Capitals.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO PQRSTUVWXYZ

The Alphabet in Roman Small Letters abc'defghijklmnopqrfs tuvwxyz.

Double Letters.

Af If If If If If If If If A & The Vowels.

a e 1 o u y.

Old English Black.

abcoefghijklmnopqrfs u wryn.

The Asphabet in Italic Capitals.

ABCD EFGHI7KLMNOP QRSTUVWXYZ.

The Alphabet in Italic small Letters.

abcdefgbijklmnopqristuv

wxyz.

rs

Double Italic Letters.

A I f fi fi fi fi fi fi fi fo & &.

The Vowels in Italic.

a e i o u y.

Figures.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 A 3

(6)

THE

ALPHABET,

In VERSE.

A stands for Apple and Awl,
B stands for Book and for Ball,
C stands for Custards and Cream,
D stands for Dog and for Dream,
E stands for Eve and for East,
F stands for Fool and for Feast.
G stands for Gold and for Gem,
H stands for He and for Hem.
J stands for John and for Job.
K stands for Knot and for Knob.

L stands for Lamb and for Lark, M stands for Marbles and Mark. N stands for Nag and for Note, O stands for Owl and for Oat. P stands for Plumbs and for Pail, Q stands for Question and Quait. R stands for Riches and Rule, S stands for Stone and for Stool. T stands for Tell and for Tale, V stands for Virtue and Vale. W stands for Wind and for would, X stands for Xantippe the Scold. Y stands for Year and for Yeast, Z stands for Zeal and for Zess.

A 4

a Apple

L







ase

TABLE I.

Confisting of One Vowel and One Confonant. a e i o u la e i o u ab eb ib ob ub am em im om um ac ec ic oc uc an en in on un ad ed id od ud ap ep ip op up af ef if of uf ar er ir or ur ag eg ig og ug as es is os us at et it ot ut ah eh - oh ak ek ik ok uk ax ex ix ox ux al el il ol ul az ez 12 oz uz

TABLE II.

Consisting of One Consonant and One Vowel.

a | e | i | o | u | y
ba | be | bi | bo | bu | by
ca | ce | ci | co | cu | cy
da

EUR DU BE

A PROPERTY OF STREET					
da	, de	di	1 do	du	dy
fa	fe	fi	fo	fu	fy
ga	ge	gi	go	gu	gy hy
ha	he	hi	ho	hu	hy
ja	je	ji	jo	ju	iy.
ka	ke	ki	ko	ku	ky
la	le	li	lo	lu	ly
ma	me	mi	mo	mu	my
na	ne	ni	no	nu	ny
pa	pe	pi	po	pu	Py
ra	re	ri	ro	ru	ry
fa	le le	fi	fo	fu	fy
ta	te	ti	to	tu	fy fy ty vy
va	ve	vi	vo	vu	vy
wa	we-	wi	wo	wu	wy
ya	ye.	yi	yo	-	-
ra	ze	1 21	ZO	zu	zy

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A 6

(12) TABLE

Sign	ificant S	Syllable	s of Tw	o Lette	rs only.
am	lay	he	1 lo	on	[up
an	be	if	me	or	us
as	by	in	my	ox	we
at	do	is	no	fo	wo
ax	go	it	of	to	l ye

TABLE IV.

en ch en en

Significant Syllables of Three Letters.

	~	1			
A	alk	bud	cup	dog	eye
A&	B	but		dry	F
add	Bad	buy	D	due	Far
age	beg	C	Day	E	fat
aid	bid	Can	did	Eat	few
are	bit	cap	die	egg	fie
art	boy	cat	dig	ell	fit
and	bow	co	dip	err	fly
all	box	crv	doe	end	foe

		1	2		
for i	joy	mat	off	ran	tar
fry	ice	may	oil	rat	tax
G	ill	met	old	raw	tia
Gay	in	mob	one	red	toe
gct	K	mop	our	rid	try
God	Key	mud	out	rod	tub
got	kid	N	P	rot	tug
gun	kin	Neg	Pan	rug	tun
gut	L	nay	pap	run	two
H	Lad	net	pay	S	V
Had	law	new	pea	Saw	Van
hat	ay	nod	pen	lay	vat
hey	let	nor	pig	fee	vex
her	lie	not	pin	fet	vie
him	lot	now	pit	fir	vow
his	low	nut	pot	fon	urn
hot	lug	0	pry	fpy	use
how	M	Oak	put	Ť	W
J	Mad	oat	R	Tan	We

want | wan | went | west | Y | yes | wax | wet | wig | won | Yea | yew | west | win | wont | yard | you | First Lesson of Words of One Syllable.

BE a good Boy, and you shall be a great Man.

Love to learn your Book.

Speak the Truth, and teil no Lie.

Love and fear God, for he is just and

good. TABLE V.

Significant Syllables of Four Letters.

A.	3	1	1	
A	/ ball	C	cook	dirt
Aim	barn	Call	cork	doth
arch	bath	came	corn	draw
arms	bear	card	cure	dull .
arts	beer	care	D	dust
В	bill	clay	Down	E
Bake	both	cock	deaf	Each
bate	burn	come	dear	ease

fold !	time	urge	were]	yarn
fore	told	vain	wide	year
stay :	true	view	wine	yoke
fure	turn	void	wife	yolk
T	V	W	with	your
Take	Vail	Wait	worm	Z
talk .	vent	want	Y	Zeal
thus	vine	weak	Yard	zest

Second Lesson of Words of One Syllable.

Of come let us fing unto the Lord, for the Lord is a great Gid; and a great King.

Let us fall down and kneel before him. It is he that hath made us, and

not we ourfelves.

O give Thanks to the God of Gods; To him that made great Lights: The Sun Sun to rule by Day; the Moon and Stars to rule by Night,

The Earth shall wax old, and they

that dwell in it shall die.

For the Worm shall eat them up, and the Moth shall eat them like Wool.

The Moon shall cease to shine, the

Stars shall fall,

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Fods; The Sun

A

But the Lord shall be the same, and his Years will have no End.

The Eyes of the Lord run to and fro through the whole Earth, so stand in Awe and sin not.

TABLE VI.

Significant Syllables of Five Letters.

B	black /	bring 1	Cakes
Bands	bles	burnt	catch
bears	bound	burst	caule
bench	bread	CI	canst

			- X-10
cease	Earth	H	lamps
chain	eight	Hadft	lanes
cheat	F	hafte	large
chide	Faint	heard	learn
chief	fault	hence	least
clean	feast	horse	light
clear	fetch	house	M
climb	first	Hall Dad	Maids
cloth	flesh	Joint	might
crown	flint	judge	mirth
D	flock	juice	month
Dance	G	james	mouth
depth	Ghoft	K	N
doubt	glass	King	Nails
drank	grace	kneel	night
dread	grant	knees	north
drink	grape	knife	nurle
dwell	grats	L	0
E	grief	Lance	ought

nps es ge rn ft ht: M aids ght rth onth outh ails ght rth rle

ight

ounce round there witch P rough thefe wives Pang world peace Vales would Saint pence wound faith veins place wrath **Shake** voice W purfe fhine write Walks wrong fides Quail fince wrote waves fkill watch queen Yeast quite wench flood quick T whale yours R wheat young Tales youth Raise taffe which Z reign while teach Zones whole right terms

Third

Third Lesson.

1. MY Son forget not my Law; but let thine Heart keep my Com-

2. For Length of Days, and long Life, and Peace shall they add to thee.

3. Let not Mercy and Truth forfake thee: bind them about thy Neck, write them upon the Table of thine Heart.

4. So shalt thou find Favour, and good Understanding in the Sight of

God and Man.

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TABLE VII.

Significant Syllables of Six Letters. fought Blains Chafte Dearth freeze bought choose 'dreams friend branch choice fright breath Christ Fierce

fleece

Greafe

church

		1 -1		
	grieve	Leaves	please	firoth
	rudge	length	plough	fpeech
; Dut	H	loaves	Q	T
Com-	Health	M	Quails	Thanks
	hearth	Months	quench	thence
long	neight	N	S	thirft
tnee.	Î	Neught	Saints	thread
rfake.	oints	P	fcarce	W
write -	K	Pearls	fchool	Wealth
rt.	Knight	pierce	fcrape	weight
and	L	plague	should	wreich
it of		ABLI	E VIII.	
		nt Syllables		
	2.5	1 1	1 . 1	0

2.5.70000	1 01	
B	Draught	Scourge
Breadth	drought	fcratch
brought	F	1 fereech
C	Fraught	fleight
Cleanse	freight	flaunch
D	S	stealth

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eze
end
ght
G
eafe

frange T Thieves thought through tongues

twelfth W Weights wrought

Select Proverbs, consisting of Words of One Syllable only, in easy Verse.

R U T H may be blam'd.

But can't be sham'd.

Were Things done twice,
All would be wife.

He that would thrive
Must rise by sive.

He that is thriv'n

May he till sev'n.

Help me good Hands,

For I have no Lands.

To give to the Poor,
Is to add to your Store.

Word

Words are but Sand,
But 'tis Gold that buys Land.
Pay what you owe,
And what you're worth you'll
know.

Ashart Scripture Catechism for Children, which will scripe to explain to them many principal Persons contained in the Scriptures.

Q. WHO was Adam? A. The first Man that God made, and the Father of us all.

Q. Who was Eve? A. The first Woman, and she was the Mother of us all.

Q. Who was Cain? A. Adam's first orn Son, and he kill'd his Brother Abel.

Q Who

Tord

Q. Who was Abel? A. A better Man than Cain, and therefore Cain hated him.

Q. Who was Noah? A. The good Man who was faved in the Ark when

all the World was drowned.

Q. Who was Job? A. The most patient Man in the World under Pains and Losses.

Q. Who was Abraham? A. Father of the Faithful, the Pattern of Believers, and the Friend of God.

Q. Who was Jacob? A. Isaac's younger Son, and he craftily obtained his Father's Bleffing.

Q. What was Ifrael? A. A new Name

that God himself gave to Jacob.

Q. Who were the twelve Patriarchs?

A. The twelve Sons of Jacob, and the Fathers of the People of Ifrael.

Q. Who

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Who

Q. Who was Pharaoh? A. The King f Egypt, who drowned the Children, and e himself was drowned in the Red Sea.

Q. Who was Moses? A. The Diliserer and Lawgiver of the People of Irael, and he led them thro' the Wilderness, and was counted the meckest Man.

Q. Who was Sampson? A. The strongest Man, and he slew a Thousand of his Enemies with the Jaw-bone of an Ass.

Q. Who was David? A. The Man fter God's own Heart, who was raised rom a Shepherd to a King,

Q. Who was Goliah? A. The Giant whom David slew with a Sling and a tone.

Q. Who was Solomon? A. David's Be-

(26)

beloved Son, the King of Israel, and the wifest of Men.

Q. Who was Jonah? A. The Prophet who lay three Days and three Nights in the Belly of a Fish.

Q. Who was Daniel? A. The Prophet that was faved in the Lion's Den,

because he prayed to God.

Q. Who was Nebuchadnezzar? A. The proud King of Babylon, who run mad and was driven among the Beafts, lived with them, and eat Grass, and grew hairy all over his Body.

The Scripture-names in the New Testament explained.

Q. WHO was Jesus Christ? A. The Son of God, and the Saviour of Men.

Q. Who was the Virgin Mary? A. The Mother of Jesus Christ.

Q. Who was Joseph the Carpenter? A. The

d the

Pro-

Pro-Den,

? A.

easts, grew

ament

Son n. Mo-

. The

The supposed Father of Christ, because he married his Mother.

Q. Who were the Jews? A. The Family of Abraham, Ifaac, and Jacob, and God chose them for his own People.

Q. Who were the Gentiles? A. All the Na-

tions besides the Jews.

O. Who was Herod the Great? A. The King of Judea, who killed all the Children in a Town in hopes to kill Christ.

Q. Who were the Disciples of Christ? A. Those

who learnt of him as their Mafter.

Q. Who were the Apostles? A. Those twelve Disciples whom Christ chose for the chief Ministers of his Gospel.

Q Who was Simon Peter? A. The Apostle

that denied Christ, and cried and repented.

Q. Who was John? A. The beloved Apostle that leaned on the Bosom of Christ.

Q. Who was Judas ? A. The wicked Disciple

who betrayed Christ with a Kiss.

Q. Who was Pontius Pilate? A. The Governor of Judea, who ordered Christ to be crucified.

B 2

Q. Who

O Who were the four Evangelists? A. Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John, who wrote the History of Christ's Like and Death.

Y dear Child, if you would live hap-py in this World, and go to Hea-ven when you die, you must

Ho-nour your Fa-ther and Mo-ther. Love your Bro-thers, Sil-ters, and

Friends.

/ O-bey your Su-pe-ri-ors.

For-give your E-ne-mies, and pray for them.

Do un-to all Menas you would have

them do un-to you.

Say your Pray ers e-ve-ry Night and Morn-ing.

Be cha-ri-ta-ble to the Poor.

Be a good Boy and learn your Book.

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Con-fess the Truth, and ne-ver tell Lies.

Ne-ver take o-therChil-dren'sThings,

but be con-tent with your own.

Go to Church e-ve-ry Sun-day to wor-ship God, and not play a-bout the Streets as naugh-ty Boys do.

TAVE Mercy upon me, O God, according to thy loving Kindness. According unto the Multitude of thyten-der Mercies blot out my Transgressions.

Wash me thoroughly from mineIniquity, and cleanse me from my Sin.

For Iacknowledge my Transgressions,

and my Sin is ever before me.

Behold I was shapen in Iniquity, and in Sin did my Mother conceive me.

Purge me with Hyfop, and I shall be B 3 clean: clean: wash me, and I shall be whiter than Snow.

Hide thyFace from mySins, and blot

out all my Iniquities.

Create in me a new Heart, O God, and renew a right Spirit within me.

O, Lord open thou my Lips, and my Mouth shall sliew forth thy Praise.

The TEN COMMANDMENTS.

I. THOU shalt have none other Gods but me.

II. Thou shalt not make to thyself any graven Image, nor the Likeness of any Thing that is in Heaven above, or in the Earth beneath, or in the Waters under the Earth. Thou shalt not bow down to them, nor worship them; For I vhiter

d blot

God,

, and raise.

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the Lord thy God, am a jealous God, and visit the Sins of the Fathers upon the Children unto the third & fourth Generation of them that hate me, and shew Mercy unto Thousands in them that love me, and keep my Commandments.

III. Thou shalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God in vain: For the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh

his Name in vain.

IV. Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath-Day. Six Days shalt thou labour, and do all that thou hast to do; but the Seventh Day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God. In it thou shalt do no Manner of Work, thou, and thy Son, and thy Daughter, thy Man Servant, and thy Maid Servant, thy Cattle and the Stranger that is within thy Gates. For

B 4

in fix Days the Lord made Heaven and Earth, the Sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh Day: wherefore the Lord blessed the seventh Day, and hallowed it.

V. Honour thy Father and thy Mother, that thy Days may be long in the Land which the Lord thy God giveth thee.

VI. Thou shalt do no Murder.

VII. Thou shalt not commit Adultery.

VIII. Thou shalt not steal.

IX. Thou shalt not bear false Wit-

ness against thy Neighbour.

X. Thou shalt not covet thy Neighbour's House, thou shalt not covet thy Neighbour's Wife, nor his Servant, nor his Maid, nor his Ox, nor his Ass, nor any Thing that is his.

The

(33). The C O C K.



THF Cockdoth crow to let you know, If you be wife, what Time to rife. There is no Bird treat-ed with so much Cru-el-ty as the Cock; for he, poor Thing, (with-out the least Offence) is ti-ed to a Stake, and thrown at by a set of i-dle, wick-ed, bar-ba-rous Fel-lows, till he is beat in Pie-ces. This B5

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[34)

is a Cus-tom e-ven Hea-thens would blush at; and there-forelhope you, who are a Chri-sti-an, will ne-ver be guil-ty of any Thing so inhuman.

The PARROT.



THE Parrot prates he knows not what,

For all he fays is got by Rote.

The Par-rot is a chat-ter-ing Bird, he talks a great deal, yet knows not what

what he fays, and is there-fore not unlike fome fil-ly Boys, who prate without think-ing, and learn their Lef-fon with-our look-ing at their Book.

The NIGHTINGALE.



THE Nighting ale doth sweetly sing, To welcome in the chearful Spring.

What a pret-ty Bird the Night-in-gale is! How sweet-ly she sings! I could wish

not

rd, not twas Sum-mer all the Year for the Sake of her good Com-pa-ny.

The CUCKOW.



There's the pret-ty Cuc-kow! This good na-tur'd Bird comes a long Journey once e-ve-ry Year to fee all his Friends, and fing them a Song. After he has o-blig'd them with his Com-painy a-bout

the

-bout two Months, he takes his Leave, a re-turns to his own Coun-try a-gain.

The WICKED MAN.

THE wicked Man travelleth with pain all his Days; Trouble and Anguish shall prevail against him, Terrors shall make him afraid on every Side. A dreadful Sound is in his Ears, and he is in Fear where no Fear is: He shall find no Ease nor Rest, for the Lord shall give him a trembling Heart, and failing of Eves, and Sorrow of Mind; and he shall fear Day and Night, and have no Affurance of his Life. In the Morning he shall say, would to God it were Even! And in the Even, would to God it were Morning! Through the Fear of his Heart his Life shall be grievous unto him. The

his urhis he

he

7 38) The LAMB.



THE little Lamb doth skip and play Always merry, always gay.

See the lit-tle Lamb! how in-no-cent he looks! He ne-ver did a-ny Harm, and is there-fore be-lov-ed by e-ve-ry Bo-dy; but the Fox and the Wolf, who are al-ways in Mis-chief, are hat-ed and de-spised.

The

The COW.



RARLY the Mickmaid to the Meadow flies,

And the RedCow her empty Pail supplies. This is the good na-tur'd Cow to which we are all so much o-blig-ed She comes, poor Thing! in the Morn-ing, and brings her Ud-der full of Milk for our Break-fast, and the same at Night for our Sup-per. To her we are in-debt-ed for

The

play

-cent

re-ry

who

dand

y.

for our Cuf-tards, Cheete-Cakes, Curds and Cream, as well as for our Milk, But-ter and Cheefe.

The ASS.



THE Ass, the' mean, will by his Bray,

Oblige your Horse to run away.

Tho's his A. ni-mal makes such amean Fi-gure, yet Samp son, with the Jaw-Bone of an As, slew a thou-sand Men.
But

((141))

But then the Lord was with him, and God A!-migh-ty can do e-ve-ry Thing

The LION.



THU Lion ranges round the Wood, And makes the leffer Beafts his Food:

Thus Tyrants on their Subjects prey, And rule with arbitrary Sway.

Tho' the Li-on is fuch a strong de-

! his

Curds

Milk,

mean Jaw-Men. But

(42)

vour-ing Crea-ture, yet Da-ni-el was thrown in-to aDen a-mong se-ve-ral of them, and re-ceiv-ed no Harm. For he was pu-nish-ed on Ac-count of his Re-li-gi-on & Vir-tue; he pray-ed unto God, and the Lord de-li-ver-ed him.

The WHALE.



THE Whale's the Monarch of the Main,

(As is the Lion of the Plain:)

He

ral of For

f his un-

He keeps the lesser Fish in Awe, And, Tyrant-like, his Will's his Law.

When the Pro-phet fonah at-tempted to fly o ver Sea from the Pre-sence of the Lord, there a-rose a great Storm, and he be-ing cast in-to the Deep, was swal-low-ed by this great Fish, in whose Bel-ly he re-pent-ed sin-cere-ly, and pray-ed un-to God; where-fore the Lord com-mand-ed the Fish, and he swam to shore, and cast him up-on dry Land.

of the

The

He

The BUTTERFLY.



THE Butterfly in gawdy Dress,
The worthless Coxcomb does
express,

Who not regarding whence he rose, Is proud of what !- of his fine Cloaths.

This gaw-dy But-ter-fly owes its
Be-ing to a poor Worm, and has not
thing to boast of but his fine Wings,
which

Day: And then his Case will be much rike the Cox-comb's, who having lost his fine Hat, and Bag Wig, had no-thing to sup-port him but a Head full of Emp-ti-ness.

The CROCODILE.



does

rose, oaths, es its

s no.

lings,

which

O'erMan and ev'ry Creature cries;
Then

Then feeds with pleasure on his Prey So Hypocrites their Friends betray.

This ter-ri-ble Crea-ture is faid to weep o-ver his Prey be-fore he de-vounit, as if he was un-willing to de-stroy any Thing; but in Truth, that Whining is on-ly to bring other Crea-tures to see what's the Mat-ter, that Mr. Cro-codile may get an-o-ther Snap for his Bel-ly.

A Divine SONG of Praise to God, for a Child, by the Rev. Mr. WATTS.

How shall a Child presume to sing

His dreadful Majesty!

How great his Pow'r is none can tell, Nor think how large his Grace:

Nor

is Prey etray. s faid to de-voun de-stroy

Whin. tures to Cro-co.

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n tell,

Nor

Nor Man below, nor Saints that dwell On high before his Face.

Nor Angels that fland round the Lord, Can fearch his fecret Will;

But they perform his heav'nly Word, And fing his Praises still.

Then let me join this holy Train, And my first Off'rings bring; The eternal God will not disdain

To hear an Infant fing. My Heart resolves, my Tongue obeys,

And Angels shall rejoice,

To hear their mighty Maker's Praise Sound from a feeble Voice.

The ANT.

THE little Ant no Labour spaces,
Wisely preventing future Cares;
For e'er the hoary Frost comes on,
Her Stock's laid up, and Business done.

This lit-tle Crea-ture was a great Fa-vou-rite with the wife King So-lo-mon, who much admirred her In-duf try and Care-ful-ness, and recom-mends her to the Con-si-de-ra-ti-on of e-ve-ry i-dle Per-son.



A-rise, thou Slug-gard, go o the Ant, consi-der her Ways, and be wise. (49)

Of the Creation of the World.



Within the Compass of fix Days,
God did the Heav'ns compose;
The Fire, the Air, the Earth and Seas,
All which his Power shows.

N fix Days God created the whole World out of nothing; that is to fay, the Heavens, he Earth, Fire, Air, Water, Birds, Beafts, ish, and every creeping. Thing. He made Man also out of the Dust of the Earth, and alled his Name Adam. And unto Adam he gave

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gave Power over the Fish of the Sea, the Fow of the Air, the Cattle, and every Thing the moved upon the Face of the Earth. And Adawas planted in the Garden of Eden to dress and keep it, and was perfectly happy there; for he knew no Sin.

PSALM 100.

O BE joyful in the Lord all ye Lands, ferre the Lord with Gladness, and come before his presence with a Song.

2. Be ye fure that the Lord he is God, it is he that hath made us, and not we ourielves; we are his People, and the Sheep of his Pasture.

3. O go your Way into his Gates with Thanks giving, and into his Courts with Praise; be thankful unto him; and speak good of his Name.

4. For the Lord is gracious, his Mercy is everlasting, and his Truth endureth from Generation.

ADAM

ADAM and EVE.



Adam and Eve, zubilft innocent, In Paridife were plac'd But foon the Serpent, by his Wiles, The bappy Pair difgrac'd.

DAM had not been long in the Garden of Eden, before God Almighty thought fit Name, p increase his Happiness, and considering he was ercy is sione, threw him into a deep Sleep, and took m Ge. out one of his Ribs, from which he form'd Eve, more beautiful Creature than himself, and allotted

DAM

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lotted her to be a Help-mate for him. Adam, a first Sight of this new and lovely Companion cry'd-out with Extacy of Joy, Bone art thou of m Bone, and Flesh of my Flesh. In this State of Bliss they lived but a short Time; for Satas envying their Happiness, tempted the Woman to eat of the Fruit of the Tree of Knowledge, which God, to make Trial of their Obedience, had strictly charged them not to touch. artful Infinuations of the Serpent, together with the Beauty of the Fruit, prevailed on her to transgress the Divine Law. She tasted, and was highly delighted, and by her winning Behaviour, tempted her Husband to eat also. No fooner had they swallowed down the gilded Bait, but their Eyes were opened; they faw they were naked, and conscious of their Guilt, endeavoured to hide themselves in the Garden from the Wrath of their offended Creator; but he foon drove them from their fecret Recess; turn'd them out of their Seat of Blifs, and denounced thereupon not only a heavy Curse upon the Serpent, but on them

them likewise, tho' with this Ray of Mercy in his Anger, that the Seed of the Woman should bruise the Serpent's Head.

Adam, a

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Of NOAH's Ark.



F all Adam's Sons, Seth was the best. He and his Sons called upon the Name of the Lord; but in Process of Time, Man indulging himself in all Manner of Riot and Excess, God repented that he had made him; and determined to destroy the whole World by an universal C2 Flood.

Posterity, found Grace in the Eyes of the Lord. Whereupon God commanded him to build an Ark of sufficient Bulk for the Reception of himself, his Family, and two of each Species of Animals. No sooner were they entered, but the Windows of the Heavens were opened, and it rained heavily for forty Days and forty Nights. By this general Deluge every living Substance was destroyed, except Noah, his Wife, his three Sons, and their Wives, and the other Creatures that were admitted with them into the Ark. But soon after the Deluge ceased, the Earth was stocked with Inhabitants by the the three Sons of Noah, viz. Shem, Ham, and Japheth.

The Tower of BABEL.

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Of the Confusion of Tongues.

SOON after the Sons of Noah had replenished the Earth with Inhabitants, they affembled together in the fruitful Plains of Shinar, where they exected the lofty Tower of Babel, and vainly attempted to raise its Walls to the very Skie, in Hopes to make their Names immortal; but God Almighty soon bassled their impious and ill-concerted Project, confused their Language so that they could not understand each other, and

and scattered and dispersed them in various Tribes all round the World.

SOLOMON's Temple.



OD Almighty having bleffed Solomon the Son of David (the wifest of all Men) with Peace and Plenty, he determined to build a magnificent Temple to the Lord on Mount Moriab. For which Purpose he sent to Hiram, King of Tyre, his Father's ancient Friend, for Cedar Wood, and other Materials requisite for the Accomplishment of his pious Design. All Things

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Things being duly prepared he erected a stately Fabrick three Stories high, and embellished it within and without with a vast Variety of fine carved Works, profusely overlaid with Gold. As foon as the whole was compleat Solomon fummoned a numerous Affembly of Ifraelites, and with the utmost romp and Splendor, dedicated this glorious Building, by Prayer and Supplication, to the only true God.

Of the Nativity and Passion of our blessed Saviour.



Methinks I bear the Heav'ns refound, And all the Earth exulting ring

To user in this glorious Day,
And hail the spotless infant King.
Amazing and stupendous Thought!
That God should in the Cradle lie!
Eut oh! bow much more wondrous still,
That He for sinful Men should die!

7HEN Herod reigned in Judea, and Augustus Cafar was Emperor of Rome, there dwelt at Nazareth, a small City of Galilee, in the Holy Land, a Virgin whose Name was Mary; God Almighty fent Gabriel, one of his Favourite Angels, down from Heaven to visit her, and to reveal to her the fecret Purpose of his Divine Pleasure. Gabriel, on his first Approach, addressed her in the following Words, Hail, thou that art highly favoured; the Lord is with thee; bleffed art thou among Women. Mary thereupon was troubled, and feemed startled at the unexpected Salutation. Gabriel, however, bid her not fear, for that she had found Favour with God. Behold, faid he, thou shalt conceive and being forth a Son, and shalt call his Name JESUS.

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At this the feemed still more furprized; How shall this be, faid she, seeing I know not a Man? Then Gabriel affured her, that the Holy Ghost should over-shadow her; and thereupon, with Submission to the Divine Will, she made the following Reply: Behold the Handmaid of the Lord; be it unto me according to thy Word. At which Time the Son of God became incarnate. and was like unto Man, Sin only excepted. At thirty Years of Age he began to preach, and his Doctrine was most holy, and tends only to the Glory of God and Good of Mankind. He wrought a great Number of Miracles, which manifested an infinite Power and Goodness. His Life was perfectly holy. We may find therein an Example of all Kinds of Virtues. Jesus having lived after this Manner among the Jews about four Years, they then put him to Death; but he rose again the third Day after his Death; and forty Days after his Refurrection he afcended into Heaven, from whence he fent the Holy Ghost to his Apostles upon the Day of Pentecoft.

Of CHRIST's Death,



Christ, when our Nature he assum'd, Redeem'd the World from Sin; And by his Burial in the Grave, To Life we rise again.

THE bleffed Jesus being condemned by Pilate, was crucified at a Place called Golgotha, between two Thieves. At his Death the Sun was darkened, the Earth shook, the Vail of the Temple was rent in twain, the Graves opened,

opened, and many People who had been dead appeared to their Friends. This great Sacrifice was offered up for our Redemption on a Friday, the Day of the Jewish Passover, and the solemn Feast observed by the Christian Church, called Good Friday.

Of the Ascension of CHRIST.



Within the filent Tomb a while
Our bleffed Savionr lay;
But over Death, the Grave, and Hell,
He triumph'd the third Day.

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FTER our Saviour's Death, his Body was embalmed and laid in a Sepulchre. On the third Day, however, which was Sunday, he arose triumphant from the Grave, and ascended into Heaven before the Eyes of his blessed Apostles, with whom he promised to be ever present to the End of the World. He now sits at the Right-Hand of God the Father Almighty, and there is continually interceding for us poor Sinners, and so will continue to do, till he shall descend from Heaven in all his Glory, to judge both the Quick and the Dead at the last Day.

of St. PAUL's Church.



THE Foundation of this Cathedral was first laid by Segbert, a Saxon King, in the Year 610, and afterwards much improved by one Erkenwald, who was the 4th Bishop of London. The greatest Part of it, however, together with the whole City, was burnt down in the Year 1086. One Mauritius, the 35th Bishop, began to rebuild it, and in the Year 1221 it was compleated. It was then 690 Feet long, the Body of it was 102 Feet in Height, and 130 in Breadth:

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ody was he. On aday, he feended d Apopresent at the ty, and or Sinhe shall o judge Day. The Area three Acres and an Half, and the Tower in the Middle 520 Feet high, exclusive of a Ball of Copper gilt, which was 9 Feet round, whereon was a Cross 15 Feet and an half high, and upon that an Eagle of Copper

gilt, which was 4 Feet in Length.

In this Condition it continued 'till the Year 1666, at which unhappy Time it became once more a Heap of Ruins in the second Fire of London; but it was soon after rebuilt at a value Expence, by that great and justly admired Architect the late Sir Christopher Wren. No Church (that of St. Peter's at Rome only excepted) can stand in Competition with it. It is near 500 Feet in Height. It is principally composed of Portland Stone, and built in Conformity to the ancient Orders of Greece and Rome.

The Inside is most beautifully adorned with select Historical Paintings by the late celebrated Master, Sir James Thornhill. The West Front, and the two Towers, are more beautiful than those of St. Peter's. The Choir is spacious, and very grand, and the Entrance to it, which is

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paved with Marble, is exceeding beautiful. The West Door is the Object of particular Admiration, and the North and South Porticos, as well as the Pavement of the Church in general, are all excellent Performances.

The Expence that attended the Erection of this magnificent Cathedral, the Glory of England, amounted (as appears by an accurate Estimate thereof laid before the Parliament in the Year 1721) to no less than eight hundred



The Rewards of VIRTUE.

PIETY, Modesty, and a soft, tender, generous Heart, are much greater Ornaments than

than Beauty, Riches, or fine Cloaths: For the Good are always admired, praifed, and beloved; the Good are happy; God, the all powerful Being, is their Friend, who is invariably disposed by Nature to reward their Virtue. How happy are those Children who have God for their Friend! they have nothing to fear; they may smile in Death, and leave this World with Pieasure.

Miss Goodchild had the Advantage of such Instructions in her Youth, that she could reason justly on the Obligations of Virtue, and on the Being, Providence, and Perfections of God; whom she admired, loved, and reverenced, from a Conviction of his infinite Excellences; and to whom, every Morning and Night, she offered up her Prayers for Protection, and for Advancement in useful Knowledge, and good Dispositions, the chief Object of her Pursuit. Her Papa and Mama soon died; and she had no other Portion left her but her undissembled Piety, a decent Modesty, which shewed itself in her Actions, an innocent Simplicity, and a

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Heart full of Goodness. These raised her Friends; they admired her, they loved her, they strove to make her happy. A Gentleman of Understanding and Virtue became sensible of her Merit, and married her. 'Twas the Business of their Lives to make each other happy; and as their Fortune was large, she was enabled to gratify the generous Dispositions of her Heart, in relieving any distress honess Man; and using the Power her Riches gave her, in promoting the substantial Benesit of all about her.

A little Boy and GIRL at Prayers.



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A LL good Boys and Girls fay their Prayers at Night, and in the Morning, which makes God Almighty love and bless them, and watch over them all Night; stand by them while they sleep, and suffer no Evil to come near them; and causes them to wake in the Morning in Health and Safety.

A little Eoy and Girl asking a Blessing of their Parents.



A LL good Boys and Girls kneel down every Morning and Evening, and ask their Parents rents Bleffing in these Words, "Pray Papa "and Mama, pray to God to bless me and "make me his true and faithful Servant." Which makes their Friends love them.

A little Boy and Girl bestowing their Charity.



A LL good Boys and Girls, when they see poor Man or Woman, or Child, in Wan will give them either Money, or such Meat and Drink as they have to spare; which makes the whole World admire them.

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A MORNING PRAYER.

O Lord our Heavenly Father, Almighty and everlassing God, I most humbly thank thee for thy great Mercy and Goodness in preserving me the Night past, and bringing me safely to the Beginning of this Day: Defend me, O Lord, in the same with thy mighty Power, and grant that this Day I may fall into no Sin, neither run into any kind of Danger, but that all my Doings may be ordered by thy Governance, to do always that which is righteous in thy Sight; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The LORD'S PRAYER.

OUR Father, which art in Heaven, hallowed be thy Name. Thy Kingdom come. Thy Will be done on Earth, as it is in Heaven. Give us this Day our daily Bread; and forgive us our Trespasses, as we forgive them that Trespass against us. And lead us not into Temptation, but deliver us from Evil; for thine is the Kingdom, and the Power, and the Glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

An EVENING PRAYER.

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O Lord God, I befeech thee, of thy fatherly Goodness and Mercy, to pardon all my Offences, which in Thought, Word, or Deed, I have this Day committed against thy divine Majesty: And now, Lord, since the Night is come upon me, and I am ready to take my rest, lighten mine Eyes, I beseech thee, that I sleep not in Death: Let not my Bed prove my Grave, but so by the Wings of thy Mercy protect me, that I may rest free som all Terrors of Darkness, and arise in the Morning to bless and praise thy glorious Name, through Jesus Christ our Lord; to whom with thee and the Holy Ghost be all Honour and Glory now and for evermore. Amen. Our Father, &c.

GRACE before MEAT.

SANCTIFY, we pray thee, O Lord, these thy
Creatures to our Use, and ourselves to thy Service: through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

GRACE after MEAT.

GOD's Holy Name be bieffed and praised for this present Refreshment, and for all his Mercies from Time to Time bestowed upon us. Amen.

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